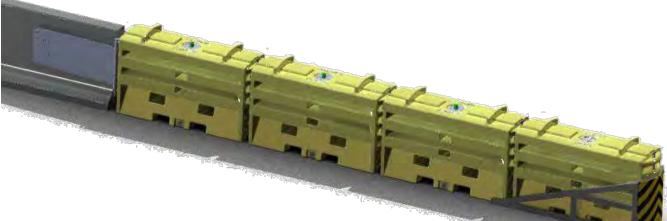
### SLED End Treatment System Manual







160 Ave. La Pata San Clemente, California 92673 (949) 361-5663 FAX (949) 361-9205 www.traffixdevices.com

PN 45045 Revision E (Dated 11/26/12)

### Table of Contents IMPORTANT:

### Read and understand ALL installation instructions before attempting to install the SLED End Treatment System.

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### **Limitations and Warnings**

TrafFix Devices Inc., in compliance with the National Cooperative Research Highway Program 350 (NCHRP350) recommended procedures for safety performance evaluation of highway features, contracted the services of an approved ISO certified independent test facility, to conduct crash tests, report findings, and provide complete testing evaluation reports.

The SLED End Treatment System is accepted by the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) for use on the National Highway System. TL-3 and TL-2 meet the NCHRP 350 requirements, using the test impact vehicles that range from light weight cars of approximately 820 kg (1800 lbs), to full-size pick up trucks of approximately 2000 kg (4400 lbs).

A series of inline, offset, side and angle impacts at a designated speed of 100 kph (62.1 mph) were conducted to verify the SLED's impact performance. All Occupant Risk Values were deemed a PASS per NCHRP 350 specifications.

The SLED End Treatment System is designed to be installed and maintained in accordance with the recommendations and guidelines of the governing state and FHWA.

After an impact, damaged components should be removed and replaced with new components.

### **Safety Precautions**

CAUTION



Before handling any TrafFix Devices product always be sure to wear proper protective equipment including:



SAFETY EYEWEAR



HARDHAT



**HEARING PROTECTION** 



**STEEL TOE BOOTS** 



SAFETY VEST



GLOVES

### **System Overview**

The SLED End Treatment System is a gating, non-redirective crash cushion designed to shield the end of permanent and portable barriers made of concrete, steel, or plastic. The SLED End Treatment System is designed for uni– and bi-directional traffic flow applications (or on pp. 47-48).

### **Crash Performance**

The SLED End Treatment Modules are yellow in color. The NCHRP 350 Test Level 3 (TL-3) System has an overall length of 26 ft (7.92m) long and is 1.875 ft (0.57m) wide. The NCHRP 350 Test Level 2 (TL-2) System has an overall length of 18.9375 ft (5.77m) long and is 1.875 ft (0.57m) wide. Each Module has overall dimensions of approximately 6.3 ft (1.93m) x 1.875 ft (0.57m) x 3.8 ft (1.16m) and weighs approximately 160 lbs empty and 2000 lbs full.

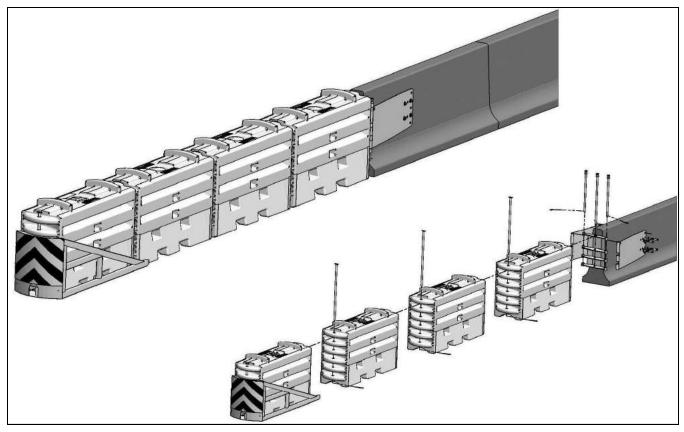


Figure 1: TrafFix Devices SLED End Treatment System shown in TL-3 configuration.

### **Product Overview and Function**

The SLED End Treatment System is a water filled gating non-redirective crash cushion designed to shield permanent and portable barriers. The TL-3 SLED End Treatment System consists of three water filled and one empty plastic modules to produce the desired energy attenuation characteristics to decelerate an impacting vehicle to meet TL-3 crashworthy requirements of Report NCHRP 350. Attached to the front empty module is the patented Containment Impact Sled (CIS) which collects the ruptured debris in front of the impacting vehicle.

Additional Features:

- NCHRP 350 TL-3 and TL-2 Tested Accepted for use on the National Highway System as a TL-3, Crash Cushion, CC-114 and a TL-2, Crash Cushion, CC-117.
- Overall TL-3 array length is 26 ft (7.92m) and TL-2 array length is 18.9375 ft (5.77m) long.
- Acceptable for Permanent and Portable installations.
- Attaches to various barrier shapes made of concrete, steel, or plastic.
- All metal components are domestic sourced steel in accordance with Buy America requirements.
- Does not require any external steel for module assembly.
- Rotational molded plastic, modules are manufactured from specially formed material designed to be durable when handled and attenuate when impacted.
- Module sections up to <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>" (14 mm) thick reduce nuisance hit damage and the potential for vandalism.
- Designed for use in uni- or bi-directional traffic flow applications.

### **SLED Identification and Orientation**

Figure 2 (or on pg. 38) identifies the TL-2 SLED End Treatment Systems front and rear orientation for installation. Figure 3 (or on pg. 39) identifies the TL-3 SLED End Treatment Systems front and rear orientation for installation. The Containment Impact Sled orients the front. Module #1 attached to the shielded barrier orients to the rear. This same configuration can be used in uni- or bi-directional traffic flow applications.

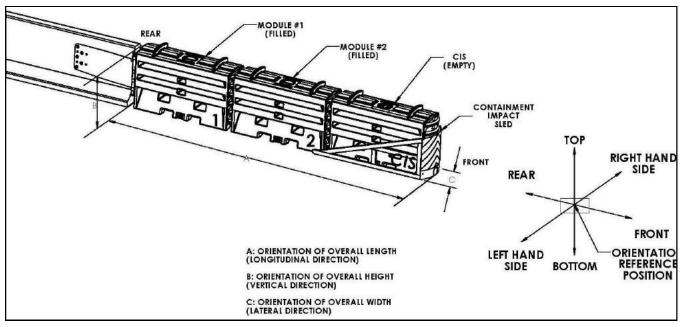


Figure 2: TL-2 SLED End Treatment Orientation.

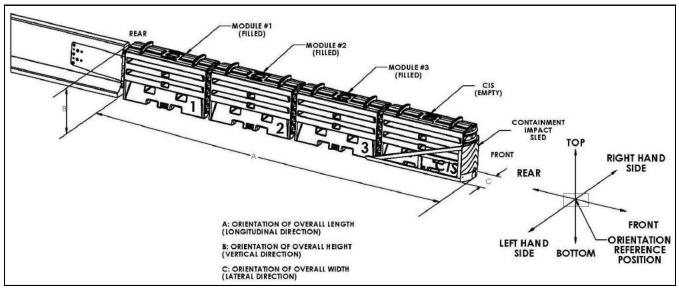


Figure 3: TL-3 SLED End Treatment Orientation.

### **Product Components and General Specifications**

### **Module Specifications**

All SLED End Treatment System Modules are yellow in color and have an outer shell made from energy attenuating plastic. The modules will collapse and rupture when impacted and disperse the contained water. The modules will not crack or corrode when left on the job site or stored for long periods of time.

### **Overall Dimensions:**

Width: 22<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>" [571 mm] Height: 42-11/16" [1084 mm] Length 75-3/4" [1924 mm] pin to pin

### Weight:

Empty Weight: 160 lbs. [73 kg] Filled Weight: 2000 lbs. [907 kg]

### Fill Capacity:

Volume: 220 Gal [832 L]

Each module contains an eight inch diameter water fill-hole located on the top surface of each module section. This large diameter opening allows for easy access for water filling using a large diameter hose from a water tanker truck. Each module comes with a twist lock lid to cover the fill hole opening when the water filling process is complete. A

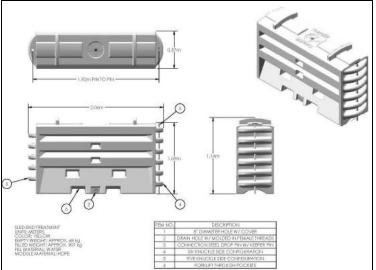


Figure 4: Module details.

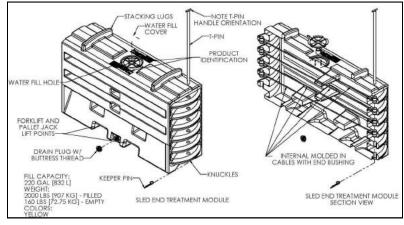


Figure 5: Module details.

water level indicator is designed into the twist lock lid. Figure 6 (or on pp 7 and 52).

For draining, a central drain hole is located at the bottom of each module. Each drain hole contains molded-in Buttress threads. The drain plug requires 1-1/2 turns to seal the plug preventing any water leaks. The molded-in Buttress threads eliminate the possibility of cross threading compared to standard threads used in a spin welded insert. Cracked spin welded inserts may require repair and are typically not reliable, leading to water leaks. The SLED Modules, with molded in Buttress threads, eliminates both issues of cross threading and insert repair.

Two forklift pockets (slots) are designed into the modules, located at grade level, which can be used to insert forklift blades for moving the filled or unfilled SLED Modules sections as needed. The moldedin steel cables <u>*ARE NOT*</u> be to be used for lifting the modules. Only the two forklift pockets (slots) should be used to lift the modules as identified in Figures 4 and 5 (or on pp. 40 and 41).

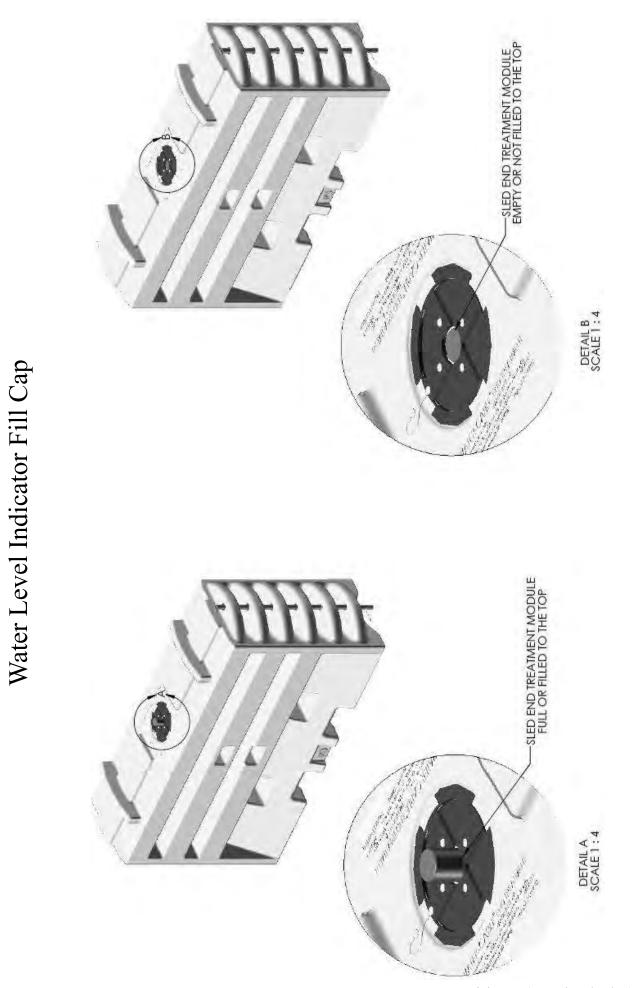


Figure 6: SLED End Treatment Module float cover.

### **Containment Impact Sled**

The Containment Impact Sled (CIS) is attached to the front empty module Figure 7 (or on pg 42). The

steel CIS is hot dipped galvanized to minimize the affects of corrosion. Upon impact, the CIS slides rearward collecting the ruptured modules.

### **Overall Dimensions:**

Width: 27 1/4" [689 mm] Height: 45 7/8" [1166 mm] Length: 88 7/16" [2247 mm]

### Weight:

Weight: 197 lbs [89 kg]

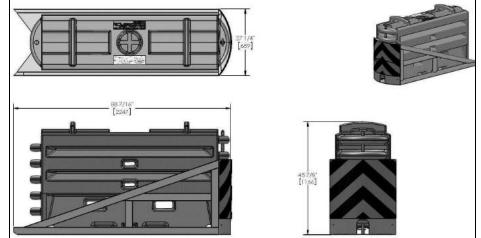


Figure 7: SLED End Treatment CIS Module.

The CIS is tube frame designed with a curved front cap and a flat steel bottom. The CIS is pinned onto empty No-Fill Module with a vertical T-pin that drops through a series of the concentric holes in the

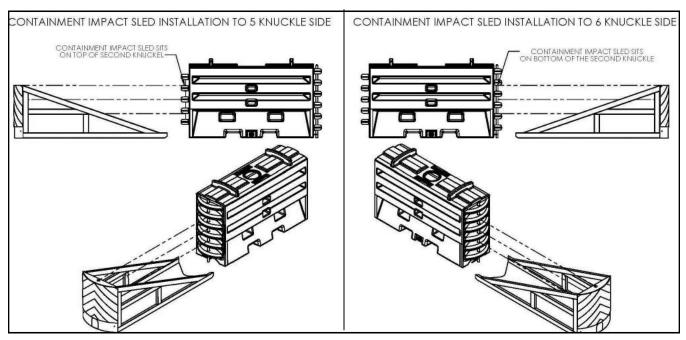


Figure 8: SLED End Treatment Sled installation to both ends of a module.

### Transition Attachment For Attaching the SLED To An Array or Barrier

The Transition is made from steel sheet and tubing that is hot dipped galvanized to minimize the affects of corrosion. The Transition attaches to the rear of the SLED system and is fastened to the shielded barrier with a minimum of eight anchor bolts, with nine bolts preferred.

### **Overall Dimensions:**

Width: 22 3/8" [568 mm] Height: 20 7/8" [530 mm] Length: 49 5/8" [1260 mm]

The Transition consists of a frame, right and left panels, and connection pins. The frame, Figure 9 and 11 (or on pg. 44) is connected to Module 1. The transition frame is designed to attach to either the five or six knuckle end of the rear module, Figure 10 (or on pg. 45).

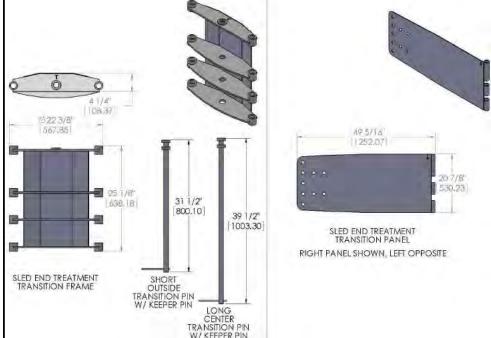


Figure 9: SLED End Treatment Transition.

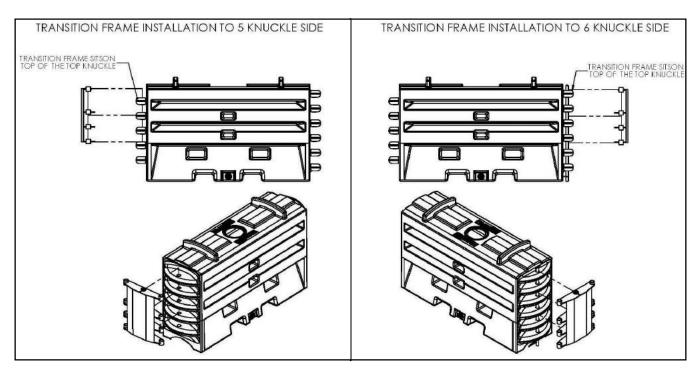


Figure 10: SLED End Treatment Transition Frame installation to both ends of a module.

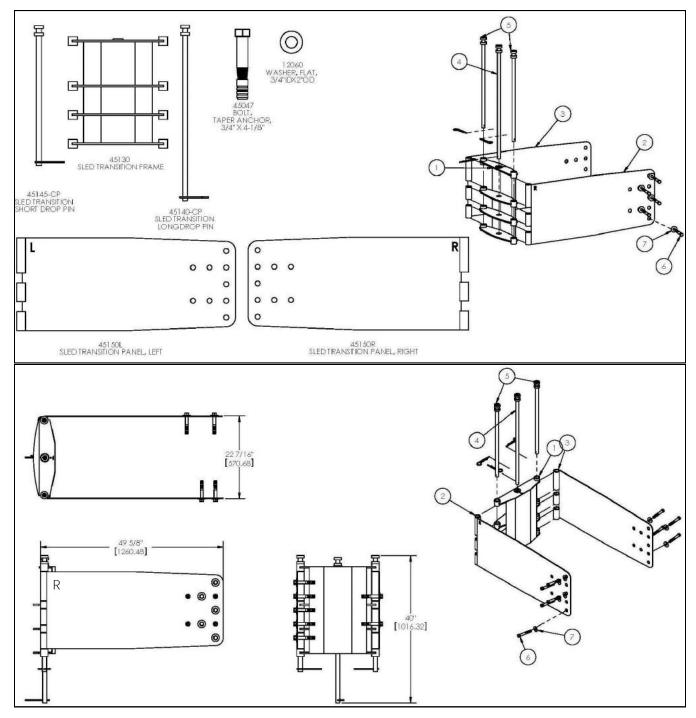


Figure 11: Transition Components

### **Directional Application Definition**

The SLED End Treatment modules are designed for uni– and bi-directional traffic applications where a gating device is acceptable to the road authority\*. A general definition of these applications are described below and graphically displayed in Figures 12 and 13( or on pp 47 and 48).

<u>Uni-Directional Application</u>: Uni-directional refers to the flow of traffic in a single direction as seen in Figure 12. In this type of application opposite direction impacts would not be probable.

**<u>Bi-Directional Application</u>**: Bi-directional refers to the flow of traffic in both directions typically referred to as counter flow as seen in Figure 13. In this type of application the counter flow of traffic could result in a reverse impact into the SLED End Treatment System.

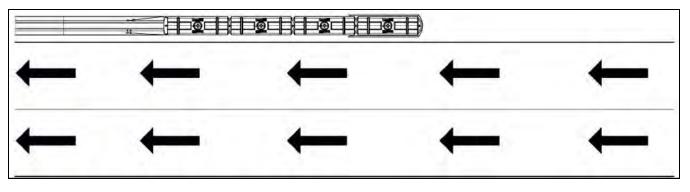


Figure 12: Traffic flow uni-directional application.

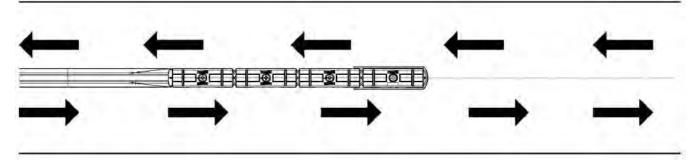


Figure 13: Traffic flow bi-directional application.

\* Reference FHWA HSST/CC-114

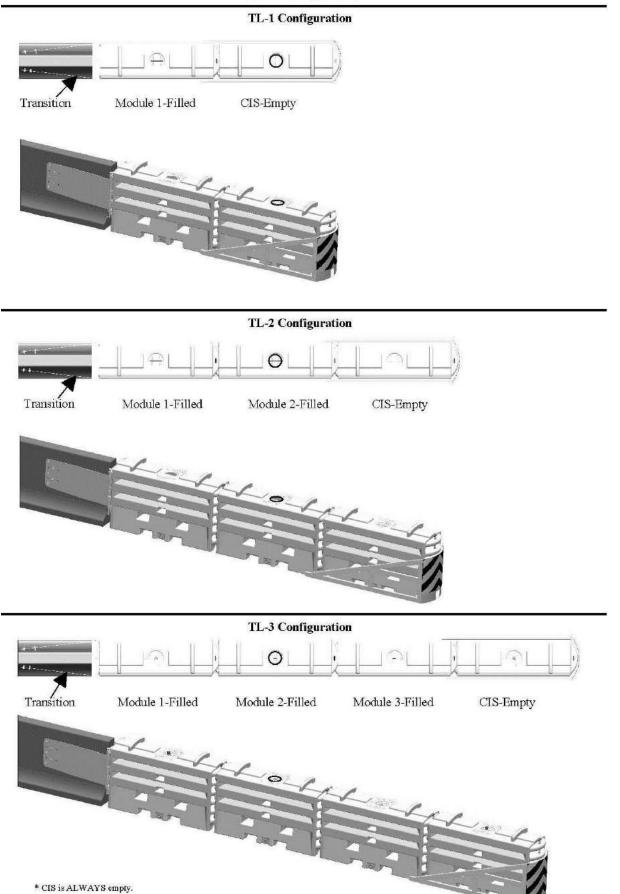


Figure 14: SLED End Treatment Speed Configurations

### **Recommendations for Stacking**

Modules can be stacked *ONLY* when empty and are not designed to be stacked on each other when filled. Stacked empty modules can be no more than three high as seen in Figure 15 (or on pg. 49). Designed into the top surface of each module are stacking lugs which fit into recessed formed sections on the bottom surface of each module as seen in Figure 15. These stacking lugs interlock the modules preventing the wall from shifting during transport or storage. The stacking lugs should be used in conjunction with straps to securely hold the entire stacked pieces together. For additional support, a long T-pin can be inserted into the knuckles to secure the modules as seen in Figure 15 (or on pg. 49).

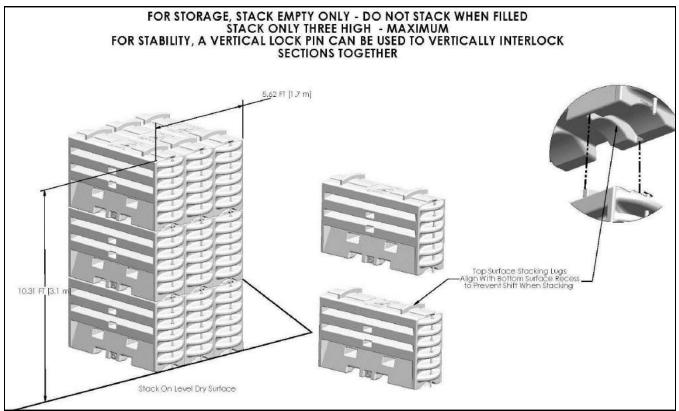


Figure 15: Module Stacking Diagram for Long Term Storage Requirements

### SAFETY PRECAUTIONS WHEN HANDLING

### THE SLED END TREATMENT MODULES

Do not drive with two (2) or more filled modules on a forklift. If maneuvering filled modules is necessary using a forklift, only move filled modules one (1) at a time. If the modules are empty, a maximum of three (3) stacked modules may be moved using a forklift. NEVER STACK MODULES WHEN FILLED. And most importantly, do not stand underneath or in front of the forklift when handling the modules with a forklift as modules may fall, see Figure 16.

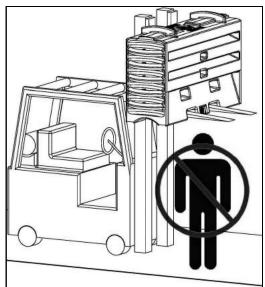


Figure 16: Proper Forklift ProcedureRevision E (Dated 11/26/12)13

### **Installing SLED Nose Sheeting**

The SLED nose sheeting has been provided in a way to customize field use as seen in Figure 17 (or on pg. 50). On Side A, the diagonal stripes can but used for Left Hand traffic flow or rotated 90° for Right Hand traffic flow. Turn the sheeting over and Side B is used for converging traffic flow. Once the direction is determined, secure the sheeting to the nose with supplied screws.

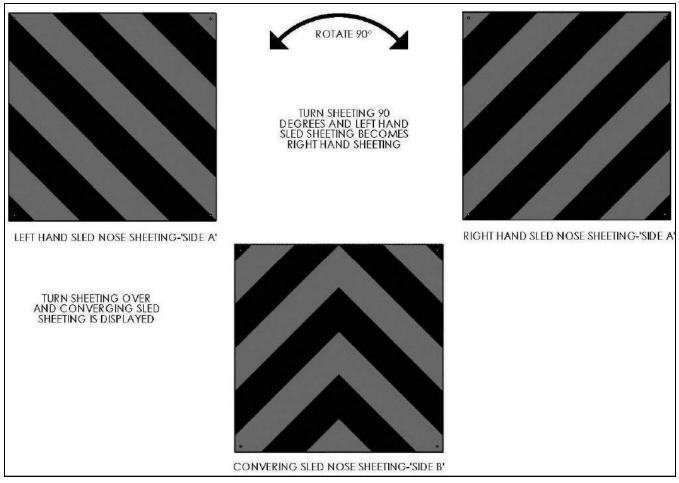


Figure 17: SLED Nose Sheeting Installation

### Water Freezing Prevention

In freezing weather conditions, do not allow the water in the SLED modules to freeze to a solid mass of ice. If the temperature at the SLED site is expected to be at or below the freezing point of water 32° F [ 0°C ], it is recommended that an additive be used to prevent the water in the SLED modules from freezing. See Table 1 on pg. 16.

### -Common additives used to prevent water freezing currently used in work zone devices under the same category as the SLED Modules.

### SALT (Sodium Chloride)

20% mixture by weight Reduces freezing down to 0° F [-18° C]. Corrosive to inadequately protected steel components (Galvanizing adequately prevents corrosion) Recommended - premix before filling Prevent spilling since solution is harmful to vegetation, soils, and wildlife. Draining should be done in an acceptable area.

### **CALCIUM CHLORIDE**

35% mixture by weight Reduces Freezing down to 20° F [ -6.6 °C ]. Corrosive to thin zinc plated components Corrosive to inadequately protected steel components (Galvanizing adequately prevents corrosion) High tendency to stay on road surface resulting in slick road surface. High level of heat created when mixing. It is recommended that pre-mixing is done before filling. Prevent spilling since solution is harmful to vegetation, soils, and wildlife. Draining should be done in an acceptable area.

### ETHYLENE/PROPYLENE GLYCOL

50% mixture by volume Reduces water freezing to 0° F [-18° C]. High tendency to stay on road surface resulting in slick road surface. Prevent spilling since solution is harmful to vegetation, soils, and wildlife. Draining should be done in an acceptable area.

### LIQUID CMA (Calcium Magnesium Acetate)

25% mixture by volume Reduces water freezing to 0° F [-18° C]. Has a low environmental impact.

### LIQUID POTASSIUM ACETATE

60% mixture by volume Reduces water freezing to 20° F [-6.6° C] Low corrosive characteristics and has a low environmental impact.

Additive	Environmental Impact	Cost Rating	Protection Temp	Mix Solution Ratio
Salt (Sodium Chloride)	Harmful	Low	0 °F [-18 ° C]	20% by weight
Calcium Chloride	Harmful	Medium	20 °F [-6.6 ° C]	35% by weight
Ethylene/Propylene Glycol	Dangerous	High	0 °F [-18 ° C]	50% by volume
Liquid CMA	Non-Toxic	High	0 °F [-18 ° C]	25% by volume
Liquid Potassium Acetate	Non-Toxic	High	20 °F [-6.6 ° C]	60% by volume

 Table 1- Recommended water freezing prevention chart solution comparison.

### **Tools and Equipment for Assembly and Installation**

This list of tools is a recommendation. The actual tools required will depend on site conditions for the assembly and installation. Personal protective equipment should always be used during assembly and installation. Safety eyewear, steel toe boots, hard hat and gloves are recommended as protection devices for the installer's safety.

### **Documents:**

Before the assembly and installation of this product, it is recommended that the complete manufactures manual and drawing package be reviewed for clarity of the installation.

### Tools:

### **Concrete Hole Drilling Tools: (Suggestions Would Be)**

-Two Fluted Concrete Drill Bit 3/4" Diameter (w/ 8" minimum drill length)

-Rebar Cutting Drill Bit 3/4" Diameter (w/ 8" minimum drill length)

-Rebar Eater or Cutter

-Rotational Hammer Drill

Drill bits should be capable of drilling to depths of a minimum of 6 inches into the concrete barrier and be of good quality to drill through 4000 psi concrete.

### **Additional Tools:**

In addition to hole drilling tools, the following is suggested:

-Electrical Generator (5 kW) and Air Compressor (100 psi)

-Torque Wrench 200 ft-lbs min

-Impact Wrench 1/2" Drive

-Sockets 1/2" Drive 3/4"-2" Nut and Bolt Size Shallow and Deep Sockets

-Ratchet and Extensions 1/2" Drive

-Adjustable Wrench 12"

-Pry/Breaker Bars

-Sledge and Ball Peen Hammers

-Chalk Line

-Concrete Marking Pencil

-Tape Measure

### **Optional Tools:**

Tools that may also be needed: Grinder, Hacksaw, or Torch

### **SLED End Treatment System Installation**

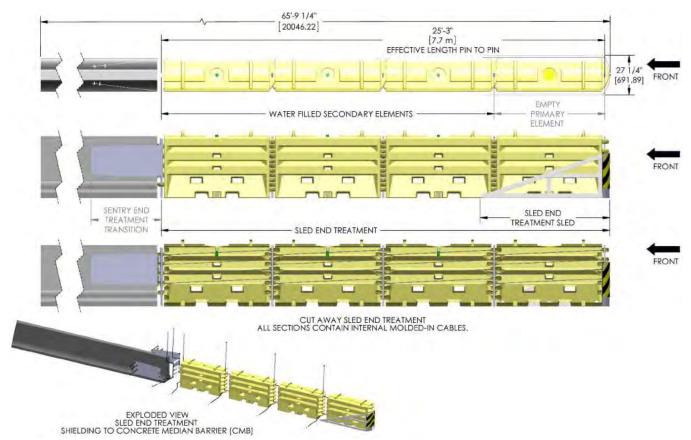


Figure 18: General specifications of installed TL-3 SLED End Treatment system with Transition (or on pg. 51).

Installation procedure to begin on next page

# Read and understand ALL installation instructions before attempting to install the SLED End Treatment System.

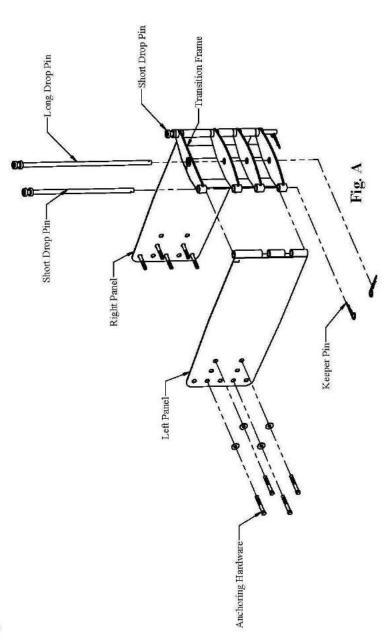
TERMS:

### **Orientation:**

Front or Frontmost is towards the nose of the system - towards traffic. Rear or Rearmost is towards the back of the system - towards the barrier wall.

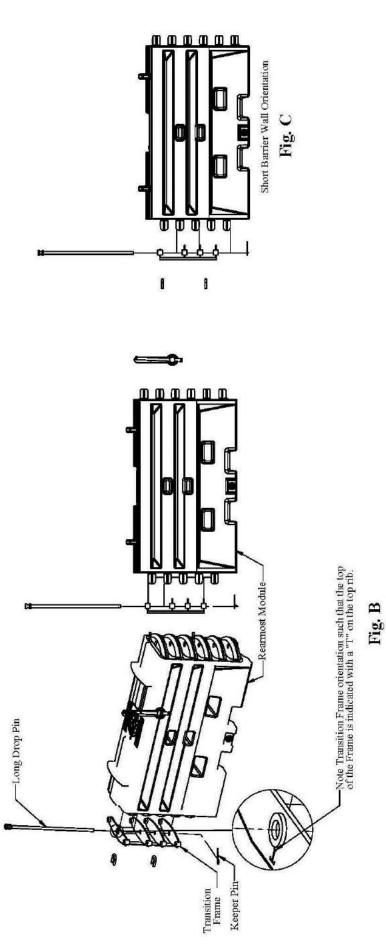
### **SLED Transition System Overview:**

The SLED Transition consists of several components including the Transition Frame, Left Panel, Right Panel, one Long Drop Pin (located in the middle), two (2) Short Drop Pins (one on left side, one on right side), three (3) Keeper Pins (R-Clips) and the anchoring hardware. (Fig. A)



## Installing the Transition Frame and locating the Rearmost Yellow Water Fill Module Step 1:

knuckle of the Module. Align center holes of the Transition Frame and the knuckles of the Module. The top of the Transition Frame is Install the Transition Frame to the rearmost Yellow Water Fill Module so that the top rib of the Transition Frame sits on the highest stamped with a "T". (Fig. B) Note: For attaching to shorter CMB, use the second (or third) knuckle (from top) of the Module, depending if you are using the five (5) or six (6) knuckle end of the Module. (Important: Always start with the top knuckle and adjust downward, if necessary.) (Fig. C)



## Installing the Transition Frame and locating the Rearmost Yellow Water Fill Module (Continued) Step 2:

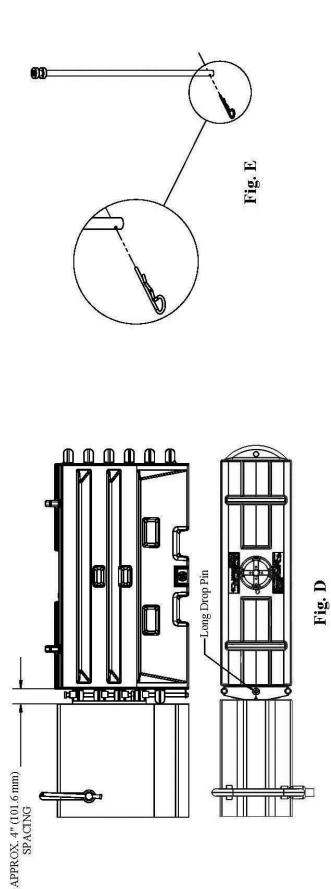
Insert the Long Drop Pin through the center holes of the Transition Frame and the Module knuckles until the Long Drop Pin is fully bottomed out.

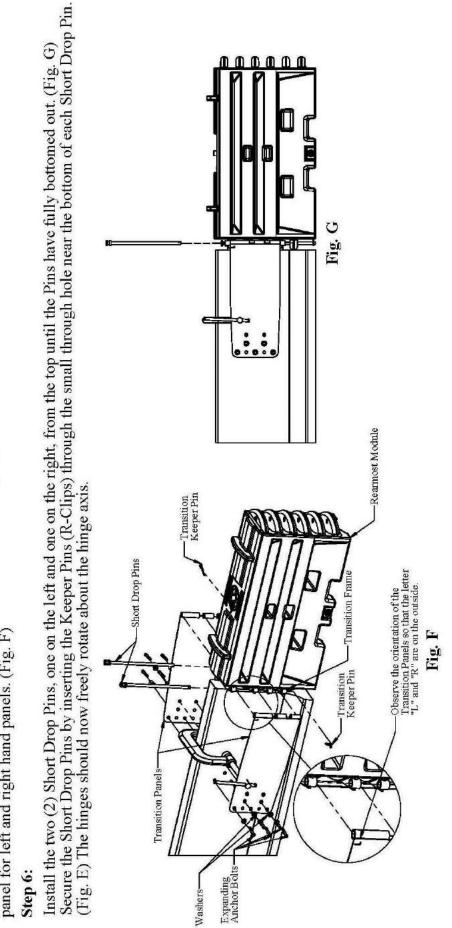
### Step 3:

Push the Module inline towards the barrier wall leaving approximately four (4) inches of space between the Module knuckles and the barrier. (Fig. D)

### Step 4:

Secure the Long Drop Pin by inserting the Keeper Pin (R-Clip) through the small hole near the bottom of the Long Drop Pin. (Fig. E)





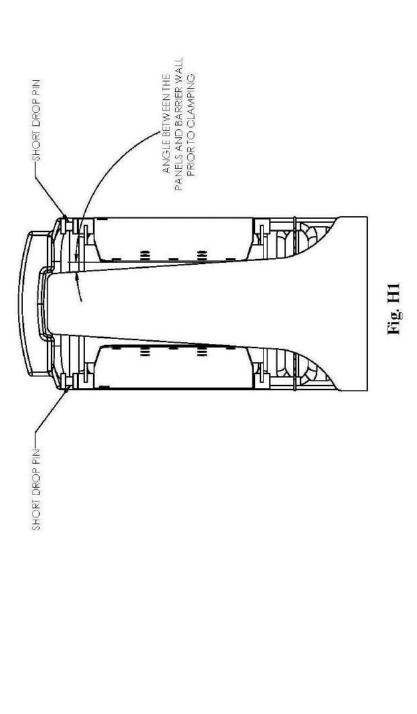
Installing the Short Drop Pins, Transition Panels, and anchoring to the barrier wall

### Step 5:

Align the Transition Panel hinge(s) with the Transition Frame hinge(s). Each Transition Panel is marked "L" and "R" on the outside of the panel for left and right hand panels. (Fig. F)

## Installing the Short Drop Pins, Transition Panels, and anchoring to the barrier wall (Continued) Step 7A:

barrier wall until contact is made. Depending on the profile of the barrier wall, observe that the Transition Panels may not be completely Now that the Transition Panels have been installed and are free to hinge about the Short Drop Pins, rotate the Transition Panels to the flush or parallel to the surface of the barrier wall. (Fig. H1)



Installing the Short Drop Pins, Transition Panels, and anchoring to the barrier wall (Continued)

### Step 7B:

To locate the anchoring holes for drilling, use a clamp to conform the Transition Panels flush to the barrier wall. Position the clamp as shown. (Fig. H2)

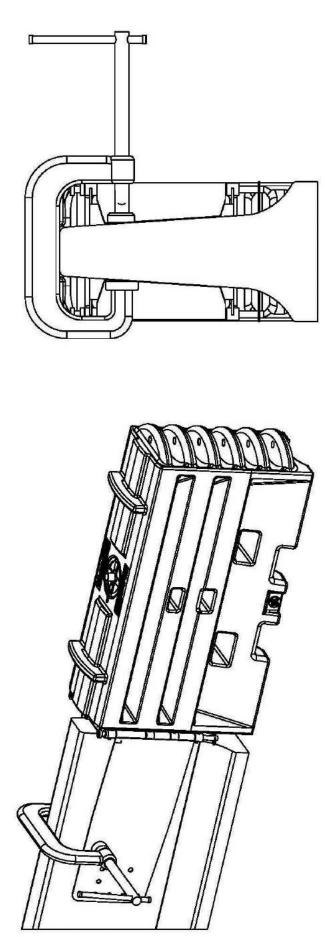
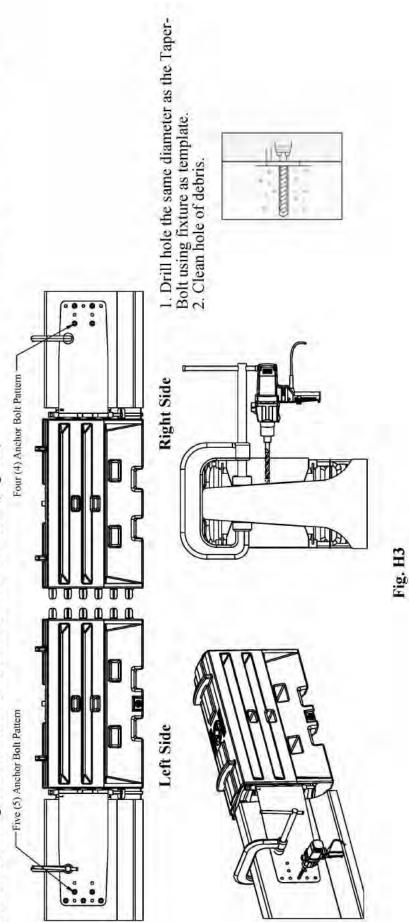


Fig. H2

Installing the Short Drop Pins, Transition Panels, and anchoring to the barrier wall (Continued) Step 7C:

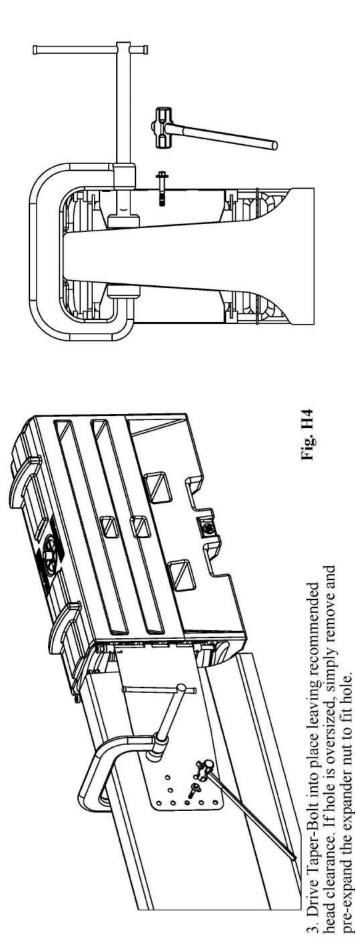
holes are located, use a rotary hammer drill with the appropriate drill bit (typically 3/4" diameter rebar cutting bit) to drill into the barrier recommended. To prevent bolts from colliding in the barrier wall, five (5) bolts are used on one side and four (4) on the other. Once the Locate the anchoring holes that are to be drilled into the barrier wall. A minimum of eight (8) anchor bolts are required but nine (9) is wall the total length of the anchor bolt. Clean the hole of debris. (Fig. H3)



Installing the Short Drop Pins, Transition Panels, and anchoring to the barrier wall (Continued)

### Step 7D:

Once all of the anchor holes have been drilled and cleaned out, place an expanding anchor bolt in each hole and engage the expanding nut on the bolt so that the nut is snug with the inside of the hole. Use a sledgehammer to drive in the anchor bolts into the barrier wall (Fig. H4)

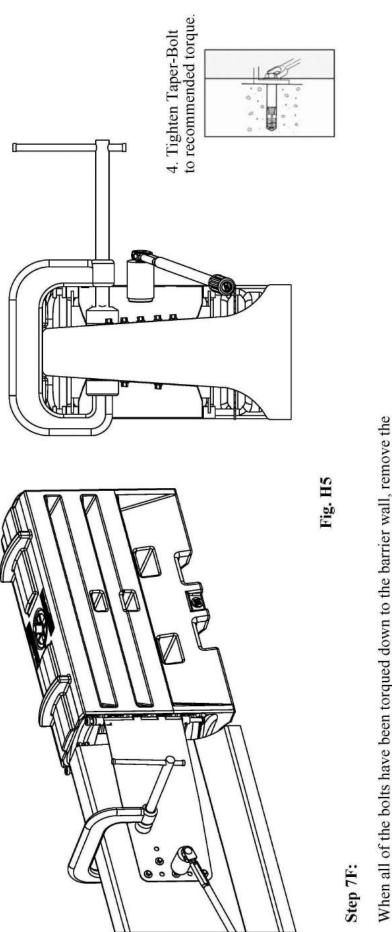




Installing the Short Drop Pins, Transition Panels, and anchoring to the barrier wall (Continued)

### Step 7E:

the bolts spin or rotate while torquing, the bolt needs to either be removed to engage more threads on the expanding nut and then reinserted Then use a torque wrench and torque the expanding anchor bolts to the barrier wall with the wrench set to the recommended 100 ft-lbs. If in the barrier wall or the anchor bolt requires additional hammering until the expanding nut engages the wall of the drilled hole. (Fig. H5)



TO COMPLETE TL-1 INSTALLATION, PROCEED TO STEP 10

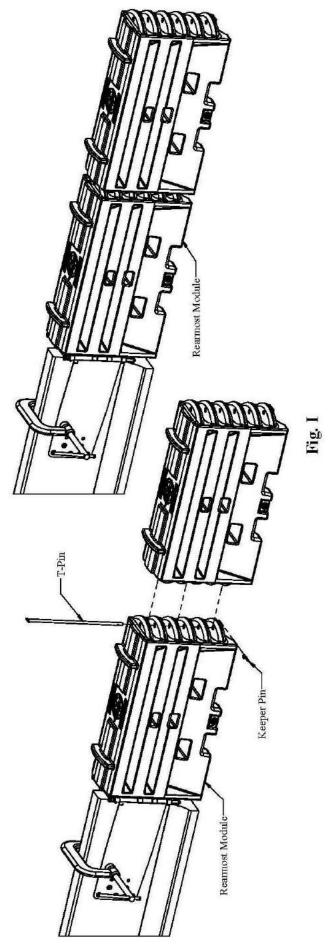
FOR TL-2 INSTALLATION, PROCEED TO STEP 8

## Installing Additional Yellow Water Filled Modules

### Step 8:

such that the knuckles of each Module are positively interlocked and the holes are aligned. Be sure to mate up the five (5) knuckle Module end with a six (6) knuckle Module end. Insert the T-Pin from the top until the T-Pin contacts the ground. Secure the connection Install the next Yellow Water Filled Module by pushing this Module into the already installed rearmost Yellow Water Filled Module, between Modules by inserting the Keeper Pin (R-Clip) through the small through hole near the bottom of the T-Pin. (Fig. I)

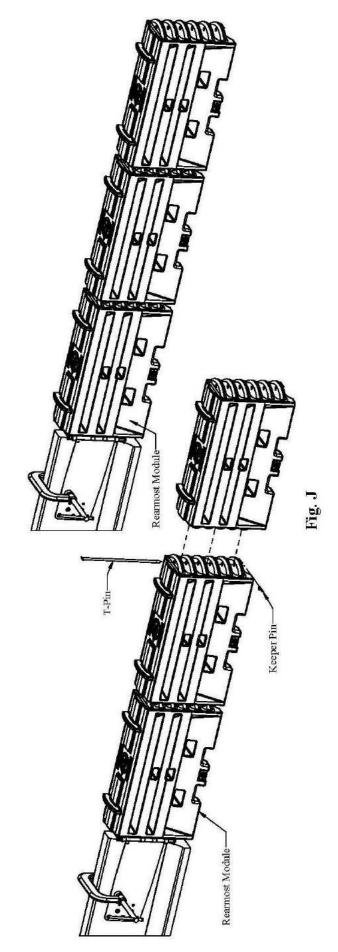
## TO COMPLETE TL-2 INSTALLATION, PROCEED TO STEP 10 FOR TL-3 INSTALLATION, PROCEED TO STEP 9



## Installing Additional Yellow Water Filled Modules (Continued)

### Step 9:

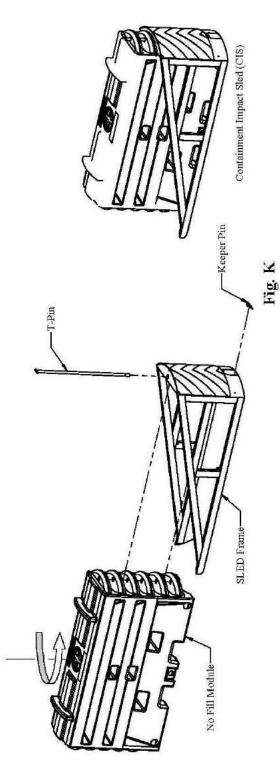
Module end with a six (6) knuckle Module end. Insert the T-Pin from the top until the T-Pin contacts the ground. Secure the connection between Modules by inserting the Keeper Pin (R-Clip) through the small hole near the bottom of the T-Pin. (Fig. J) Install the last Yellow Water Filled Module by pushing this Module into the already installed front most Yellow Water Filled Module, such that the knuckles of each Module are positively interlocked and the holes are aligned. Be sure to mate up the five (5) knuckle



## Installing the Containment Impact Sled (CIS)

### Step 10:

The Containment Impact Sled (CIS) consists of several components including the SLED Frame, a Yellow No Fill Module, T-Pin and Keeper Pin. These items are pre-assembled and delivered as one unit. (Fig. K)



### Step 10: (Continued)

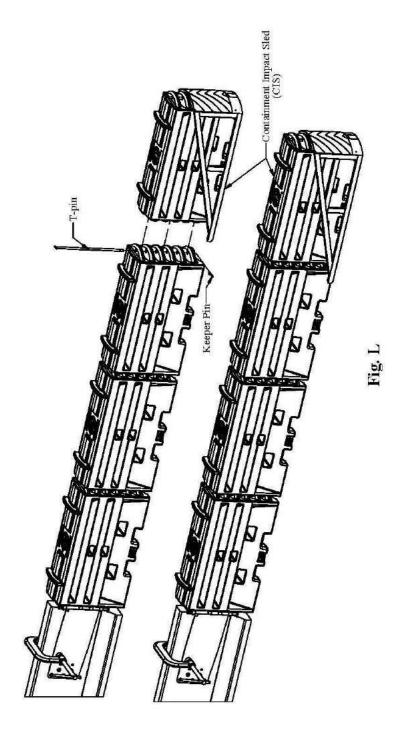
Push the pre-assembled CIS up to the front most Yellow Water Filled Module. Determine that the Module knuckles will mate up (five (5) knuckle Module end to a six (6) knuckle Module end). If Module knuckles do not mate up, you will need to rotate the Yellow No Fill Module within the CIS. (Fig. L)

To rotate the CIS Yellow No Fill Module:

- Remove the SLED Frame's nose Keeper Pin (R-Clip); remove the T-Pin from the Yellow No Fill Module and the nose of the SLED Frame
  - Remove and rotate the Yellow No Fill Module 180 degrees; re-install the Yellow No Fill Module into the SLED Frame
- Align the Yellow No Fill Module knuckle holes with the SLED Frame nose holes; re-insert the T-Pin and secure with the Keeper Pin (R-Clip)

### Step 11:

Janking each side of the front most Yellow Water Filled Module. Insert the T-Pin from the top until the T-Pin contacts the ground. Secure holes are aligned. Be sure to mate up a five (5) knuckle Module end with a six (6) knuckle Module end. Note: The SLED Frame's bottom Push the pre-assembled CIS into the front most Yellow Water Filled Module so that the knuckles of each are positively interlocked and plate will slide under the front most Yellow Water Filled Module by approximately four (4) inches with the tip of the SLED Frame the connection between Modules by inserting the Keeper Pin (R-Clip) through the small hole near the bottom of the T-Pin. (Fig. L)



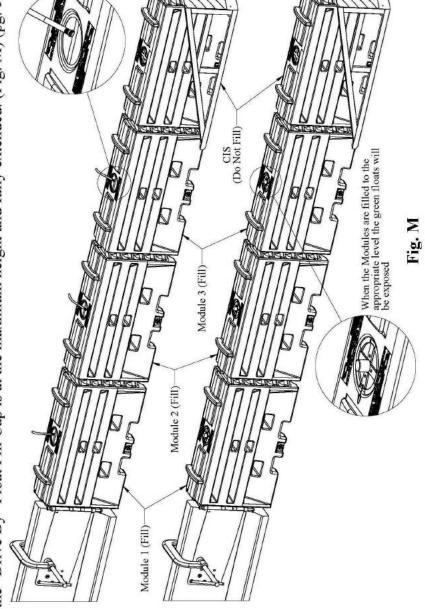
### Step 12:

Before filling with water, double check all connections and the alignment of the Transition, the Water Filled Module(s) and the Containment Impact Sled (CIS) so that all are oriented correctly to the RE's requirements.

## Filling the SLED End Treatment with Water

### Step 13:

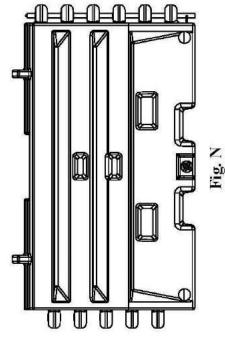
the Sled Installation, Maintenance, And Repair Manual. Replace the "Drive By" Float Fill Cap. The module is full when the green float of By" Float Fill Cap and fill the Yellow Water Fill Module(s) only with water or suitable non-freezing solution as described on page 16 of Make sure that the Buttress Thread Drain Plug is installed and secure in each Yellow Water Fill Module to be used. Remove the "Drive the "Drive By" Float Fill Cap is at the maximum height and fully extended. (Fig. M) (pg. 52)



### **IMPORTANT:**

# The No Fill Module in the Containment Impact Sled (CIS) shall <u>NOT</u> be filled with water and is to remain empty <u>ALWAYS</u>

The No Fill Module of the CIS contains six (6) open drain holes at the bottom ((3) on each side) and is intentionally manufactured to not retain water. (Fig. N)



### **IMPORTANT:**

DO NOT replace any <u>Yellow SLED Module</u> with an <u>Orange or White Sentry Water Cable Barrier</u> Module. Doing so will alter the performance of the entire SLED End Treatment System. DO NOT replace a Yellow <u>No Fill</u> Module with a Yellow <u>Water Fill</u> Module. DO NOT replace a Yellow Water Fill Module with a Yellow No Fill Module.



### Appendix A:

### SLED End Treatment Specifications

160 Ave. La Pata San Clemente, California 92673 (949) 361-5663 FAX (949) 361-9205 www.traffixdevices.com

#### TrafFix Devices Inc. TrafFix SLED End Treatment TL-3 General Specifications

#### I. <u>General</u>

The SLED End Treatment, components, and subassemblies shall be designed and manufactured by TrafFix Devices Inc. (TDI) Corporate Office San Clemente, California Manufacturing & Distribution Center, San Clemente, California

#### II. System Description

The SLED End Treatment is TL-3 gating non-redirective crash cushion designed to meet crashworthy requirements of Report NCHRP-350. The SLED End Treatment System shall be used in permanent and portable installations.

The TrafFix SLED End Treatment shall be constructed from a series of individually linked modules. Each individual module shall consist of:

- Virgin high density polyethylene (HDPE) plastic shell, containing UV stabilizers and antioxidants molded to a triple faced profile of a ribbed saw tooth shape, designed to reduce penetration, vaulting, and under riding. Each full length saw tooth ribbed surface contains a flat surface to adhere a reflective sheeted section.
- Designed into each top surface shall be two stacking lugs which assemble into two recessed voids on the bottom surface. This feature locks the sections together vertically and prevents shifting during transport or when stored.
- The ends of each module shall be constructed with vertically aligned knuckles which interlock with those of adjacent module and accept a 1<sup>1</sup>/<sub>8</sub> inch [28.58mm] diameter steel connecting T-pin. The T-pin is retained after installation by a keeper pin.
- Each module shall contain four internal molded-in corrosion resistant wire rope cables acting as a cable barrier when impacted. Each wire rope is connected to a corrosion resistant steel bushing which is molded into the knuckle sections and contains corrosion resistant surfaces and is of appropriate diameter to meet design speeds of TL-3 impacts.
- The approximate dimensions, weight, and volume of each module shall be: 22.5 in. [571 mm] width x 42 11/16 in. [1084 mm] height x 75 3/4 in [1924 mm] length (pin to pin). Empty weight 160 lbs [72.6 kg], weight filled 2000 lbs [907 kg], water ballast 220 gal [832 L].
- Modules shall be manufactured in yellow color.
- Each module shall be manufactured with fork lift openings to allow for lifting when empty or full.
- Each module shall be manufactured with one 8 in. [203.2 mm] dia. twist lock fill lid and a 2.25 in. [57.15 mm] dia. molded-in Buttress threaded drain hole with a plug to allow quick water ballast draining.

#### III. Performance Criteria

The SLED End Treatment shall be tested and pass all test requirements of Report NCHRP-350 for Test Level 3 (TL-3) impact conditions for 820 kg and 2000 kg [1808 and 4500 lbs] vehicles at speeds of 100 km/h [62.5 mph].

The SLED test results shall demonstrate that a water filled gating non-redirective crash cushion shall safely decelerate the 820C and 2000P impact vehicles and shall not exceed the maximum allowable occupant risk values. Occupant impact velocity Maximum allowable:12 m/s for occupant Ride down acceleration Maximum allowable: 20 G

Detached debris shall not show potential for penetrating the vehicle occupant compartment or present a hazard to other traffic, pedestrians, or workers in a work zone.

A vehicle impacting the TrafFix SLED End Treatment shall remain upright during and after the collision.

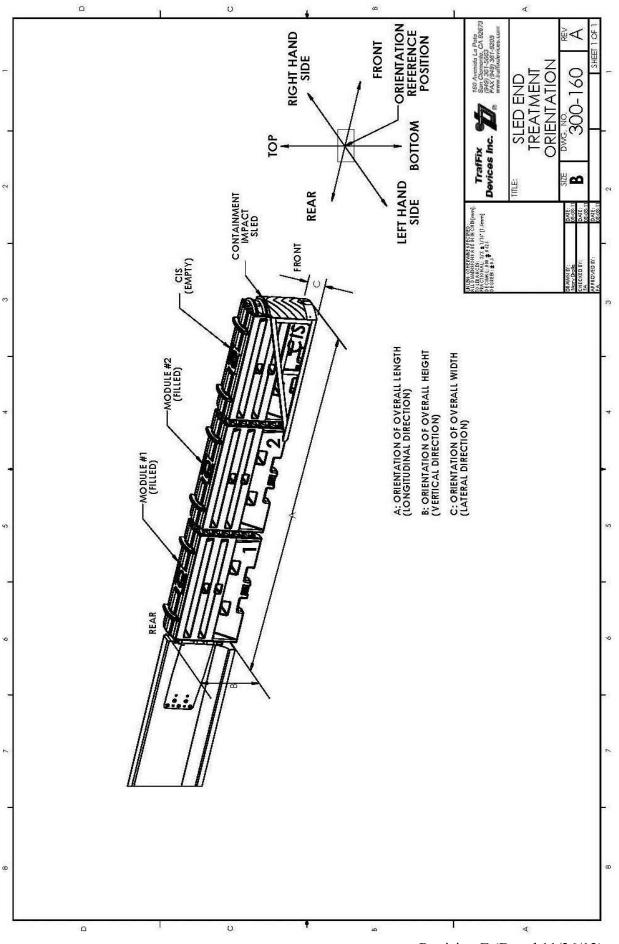
The impacting vehicle's intrusion into adjacent traffic lanes shall be minimized.

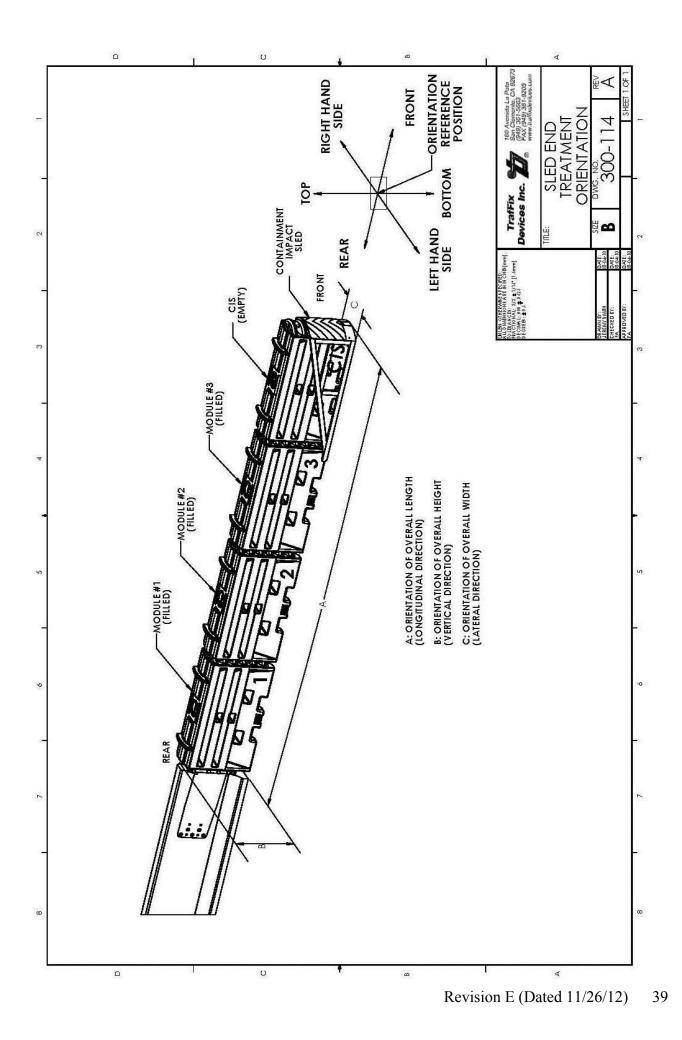


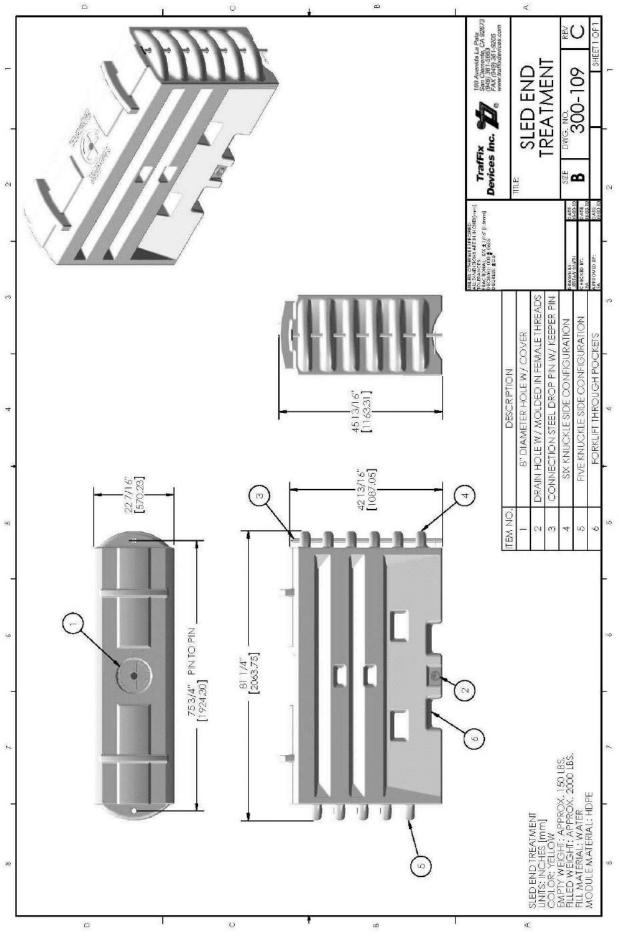
### Appendix B:

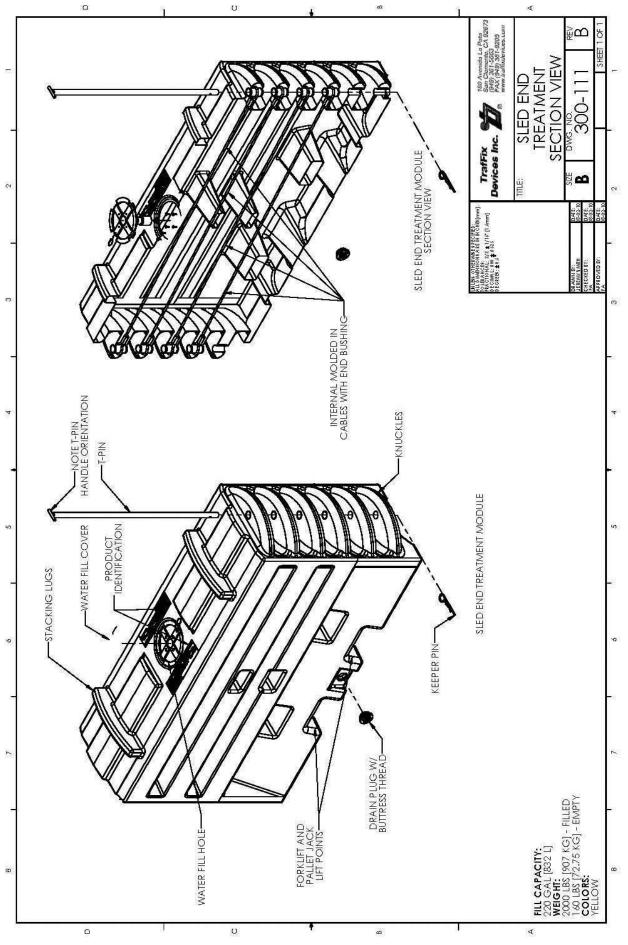
### Drawings

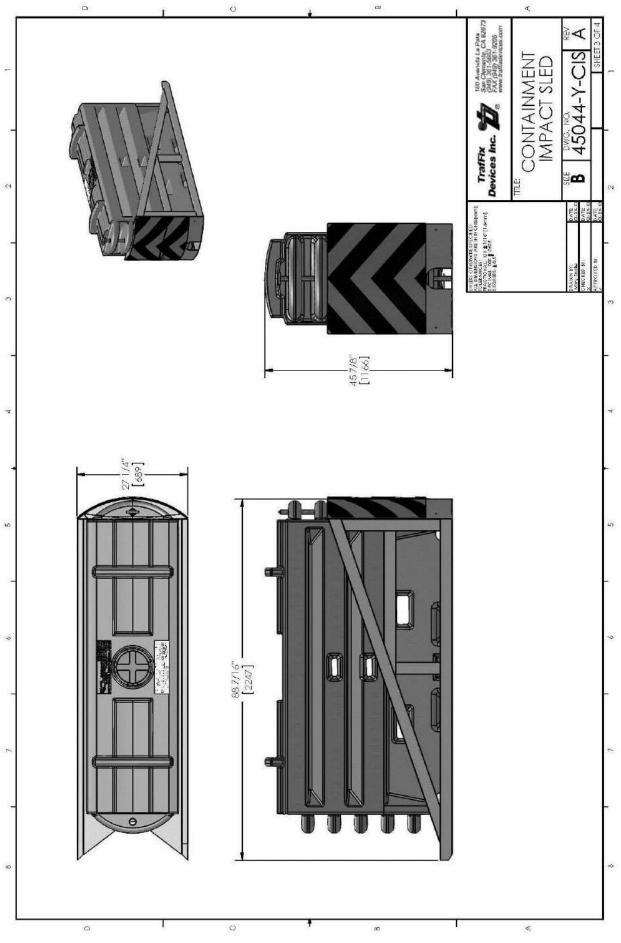
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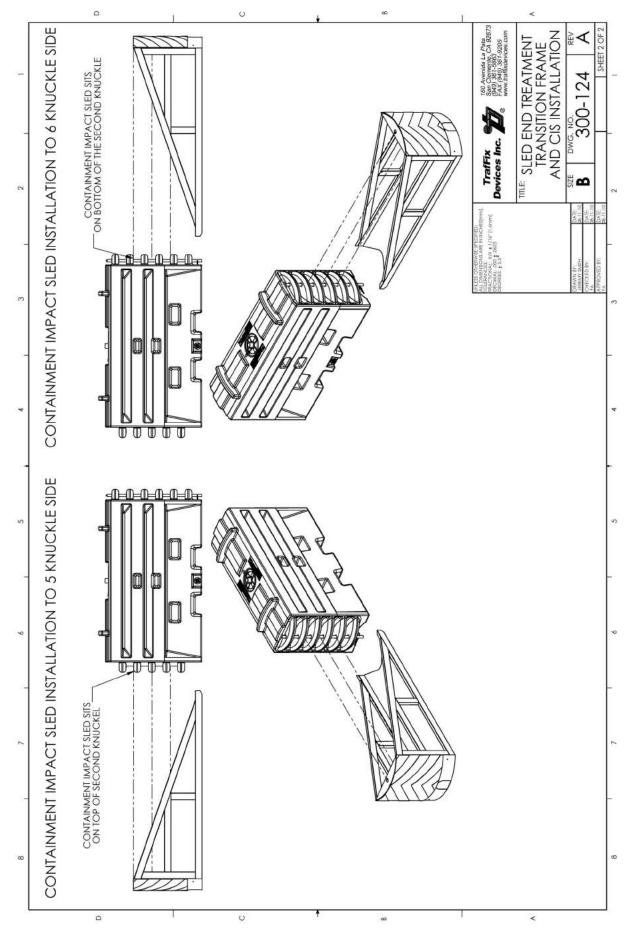


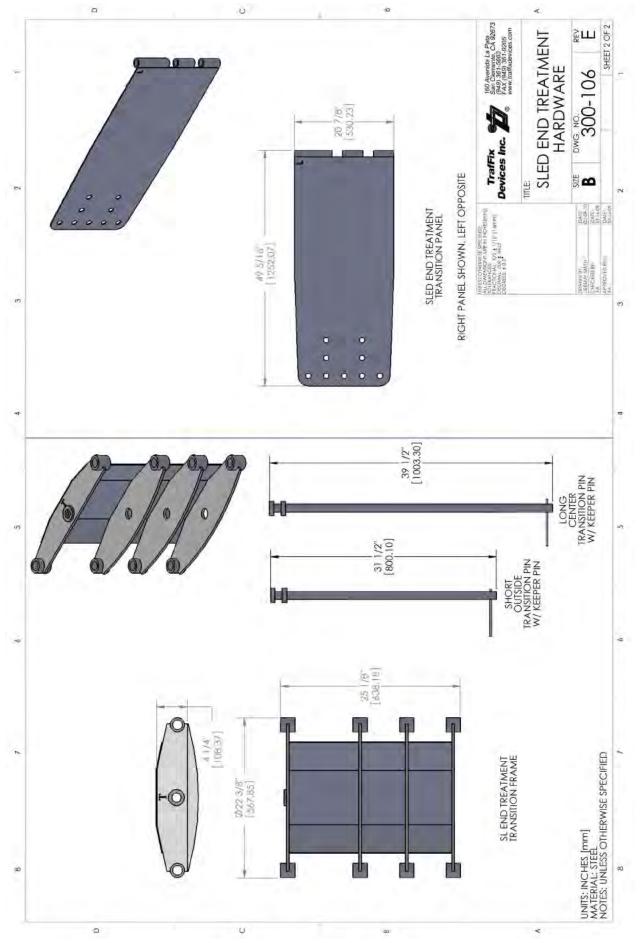


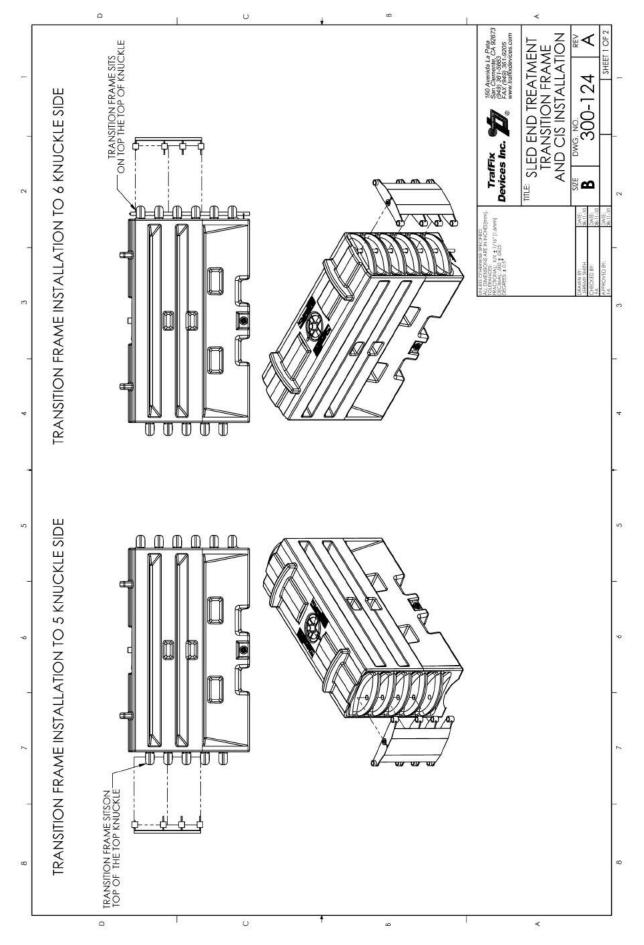


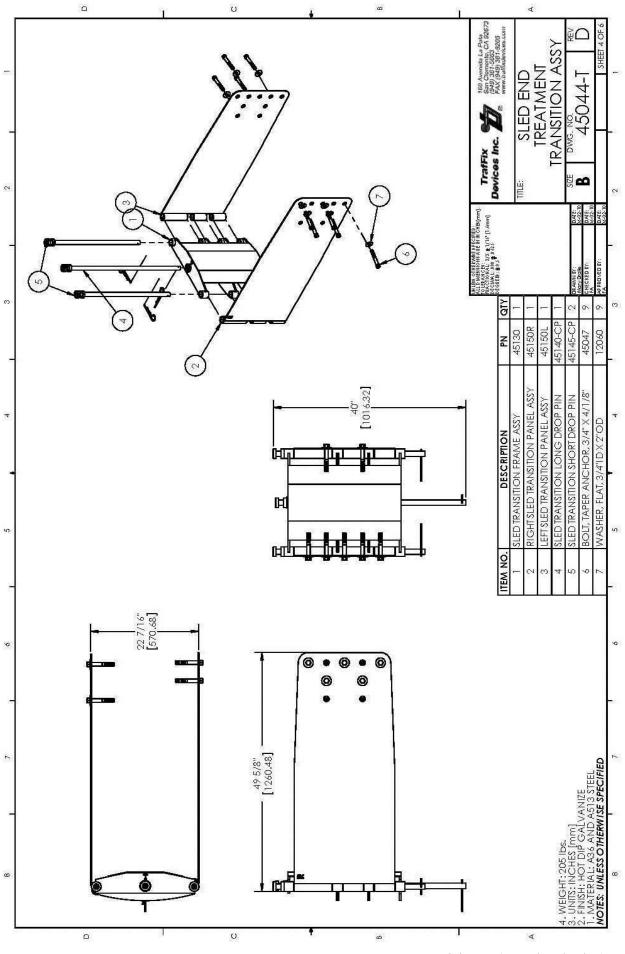


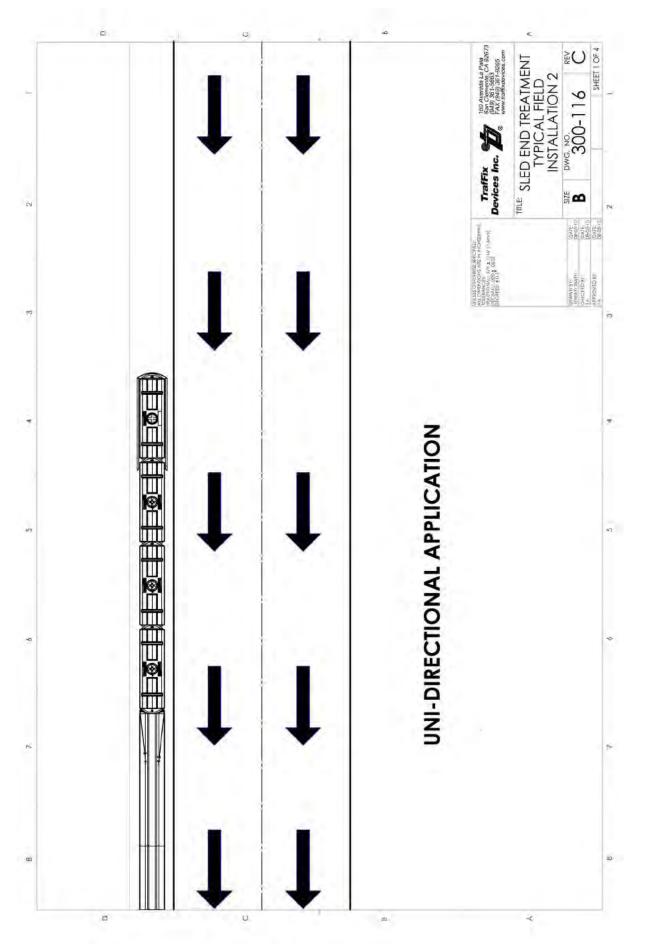


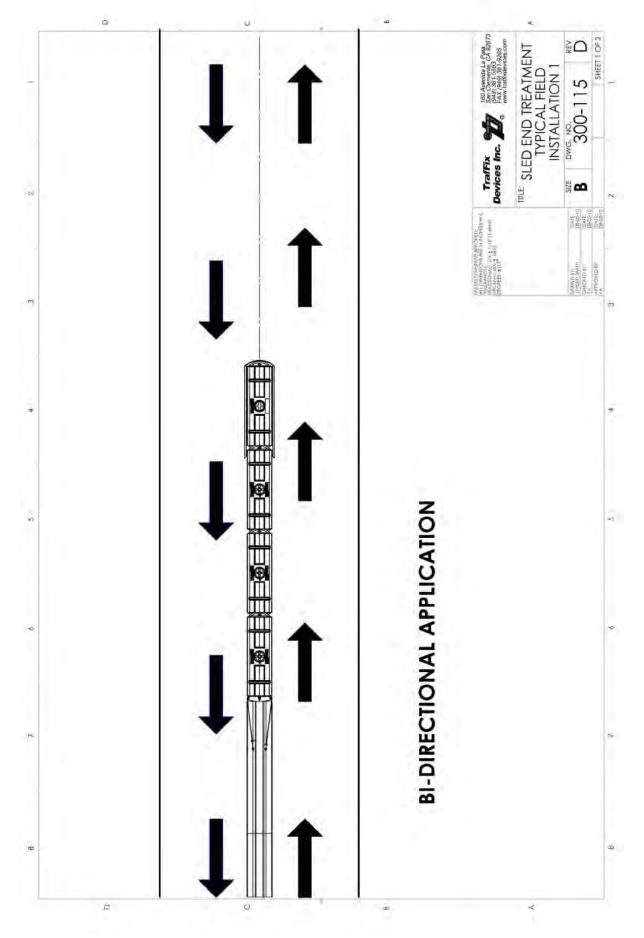


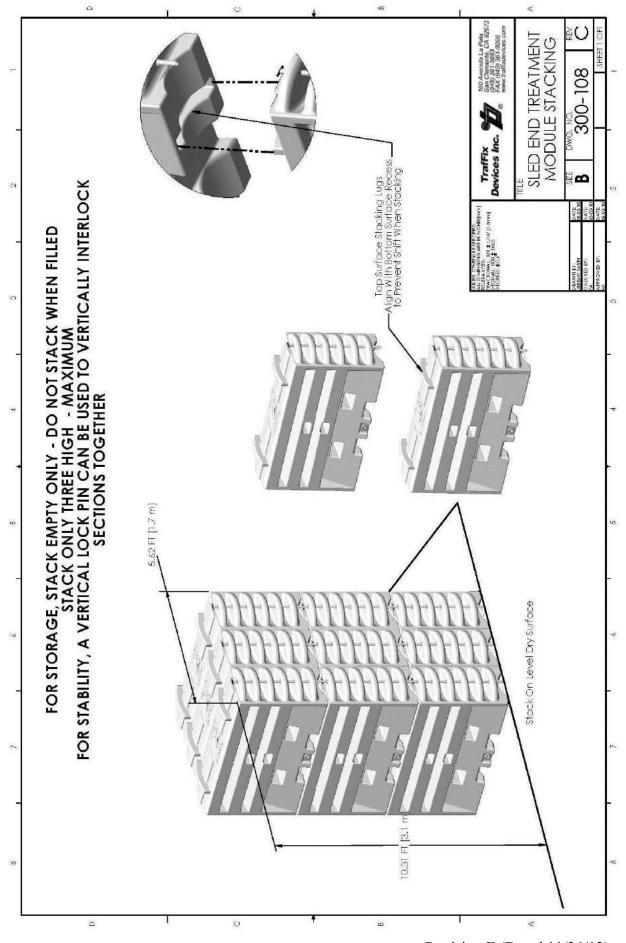


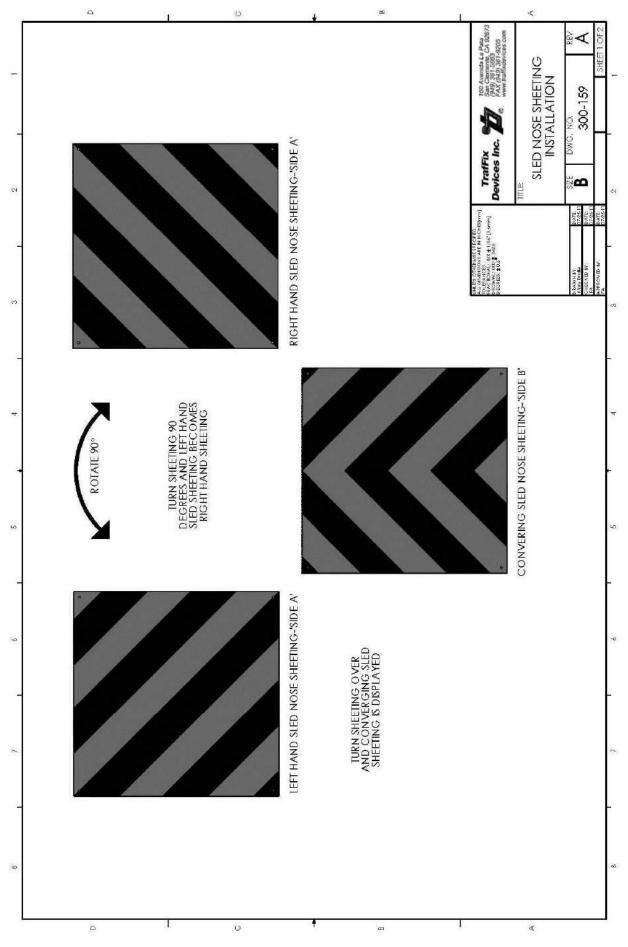


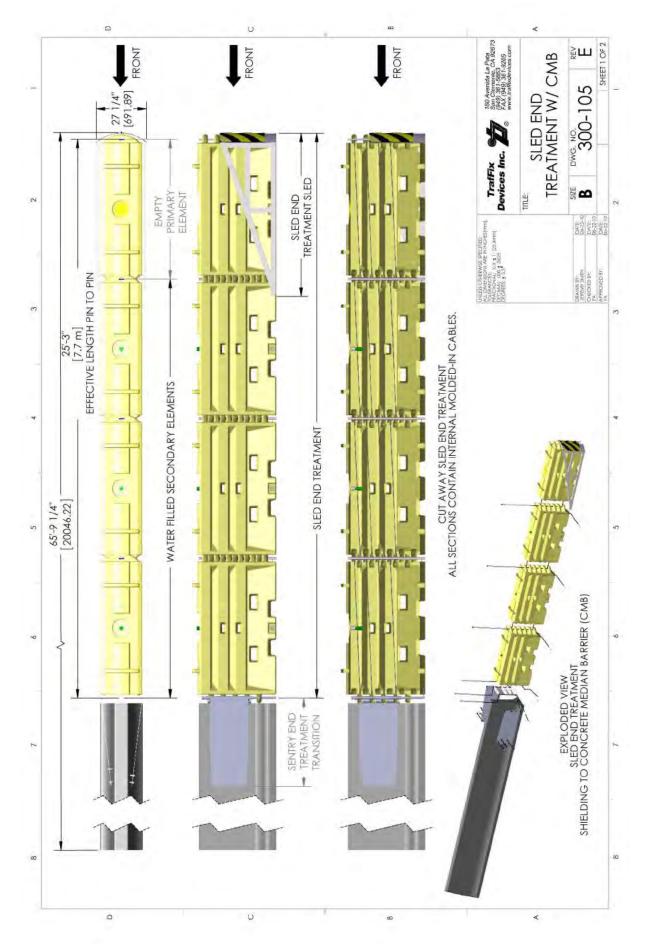


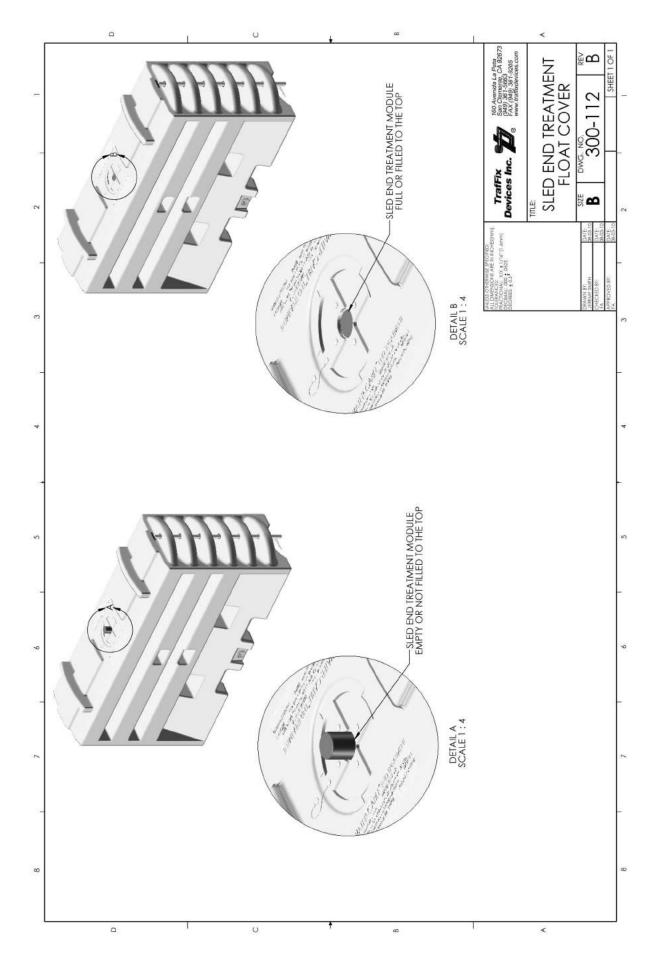


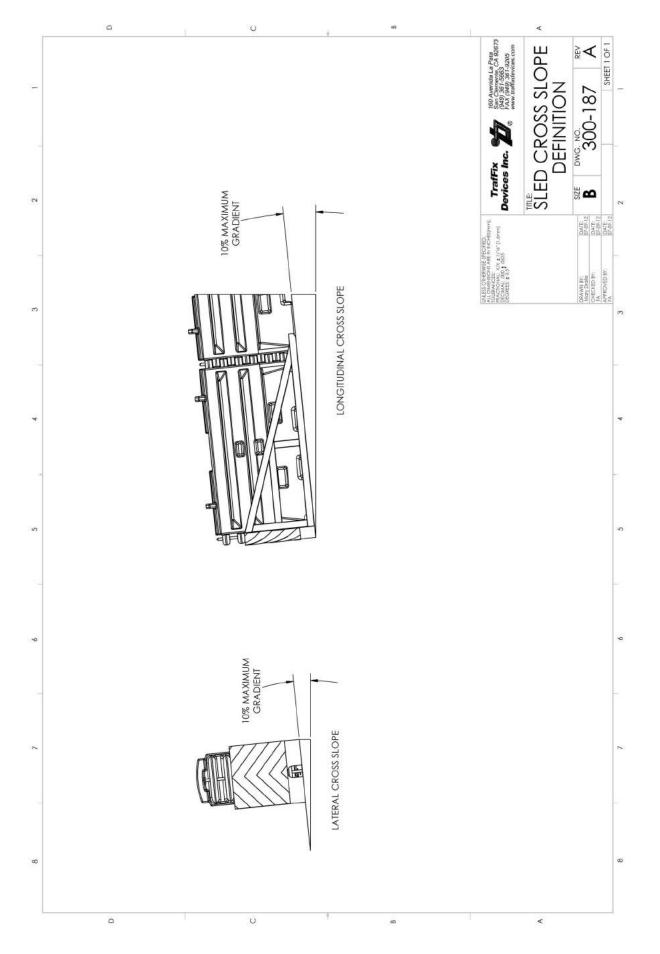












<u>Notes</u>					



Federal Highway Administration

# Appendix C: FHWA Product Acceptance Letter CC-114 and CC-117

### Use this link to locate the letters on the FHWA Website:

http://safety.fhwa.dot.gov/roadway\_dept/ policy\_guide/road\_hardware/listing.cfm? code=cushions





## Appendix E:

# Regional Sales Managers, Key Contacts & Customer Service

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#### Regional Sales Managers, Key Contacts & Customer Service

#### Regional Sales Managers

#### Northeast Territory Office

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#### Northwest Territory Office

MT, UT, ID, WA, OR, NV, CO, WY Cary LeMonds Salt Lake City, UT (801) 446-4450 office (949) 573-9290 fax clemonds@traffixdevices.com

#### Western Territory Office

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#### Southeast Territory Office

David L. Evans Atlanta, GA (770)794-7338 office (949) 573-9289 fax devans@traffixdevices.com

#### **Midwest Territory Office**

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#### Southwest Territory Office

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